

JUST GLEANINGS

CURE WHOOPING COUGH BY AIRPLANE FLIGHTS

According to the London Times, interesting experiments have been made in Switzerland with the idea of curing whooping cough by airplane flights. The Swiss air line Alpar, with the permission of the army command, has made several high flights with sick children most of whom have shown a decided improvement.

LUMBER WORKERS WAGES \$37.50

Lumber workers of Alberta are now enabled to earn more wages by working on schedules longer than those announced November 1. At the request of the Dominion timber controller, who declared that a peak demand for Canadian lumber is imminent, Alberta units may now produce to the limit of their workers' capacity with ten-hour day schedules. Wages of \$37.50 a month with board and lodging must be provided.

CARIBOU DOWN FROM ARCTIC

One hundred thousand barrenland caribou, hazy northern species which has become noted for its nomadic migrations, are sweeping down from the barrens of the Arctic to feeding places between the Pas and Churchill, T.P. Kerr, fur buyer just returned to the north from a trip on the Hudson Bay Railway, estimated 100 animals stood between each telegraph pole. The animals are travelling 15 to 20 miles deep along the railway while many already have crossed the turbulent Nelson river. At certain points it was necessary for the train's whistle to be blown in order to clear the tracks. The herd of the great herds raced into the bush, except for a few of the older "bucks" who bellored their defiance and charged the train.

AIR EXPANSION AT EDMONTON

Work on extension of air training facilities in Edmonton three times their present size will begin shortly, according to Flight Lieut. K.E. King, chief supervisory officer at the school. He said the first class of young trainees to be trained in pilot work for fighters and bombers will arrive early in December.

YOUR CHRISTMAS STORE PRESENTS

THE FAMILY GIFT GUIDE

REMEMBER HER WITH A PRACTICAL GIFT

Slips, Dance Sets, Pyjamas and Gloves, \$1.00 up
Silk Hosi, individually boxed, .79c to \$1.15
Handkies in Gift Boxes, .39c; 49c; 75c; 69c
Smart Gift Panties, .29c; 50c; 79c
Lady Esther Gift Sets, .39c

FOR THE YOUNG LADY

Combination Purse and Muff, .49c
Panty and Bloomer Sets, .79c
Gift Pyjamas in Pastel Shadings, \$1.25
Smart Handbags, .39c

FOR THE MEN

B.V.D. SHIRTS, boxed, \$2.00 to \$3.50
TIES IN GIFT BOXES, .50c; 75c; \$1.00
WOOL SOX, .39c; 50c; 75c
HARVEY HALL TIES, .55c and \$1.00
PYJAMAS, smart patterns in broadcloth and Flannel, \$2.00 to \$2.95

FOR JUNIOR

DRESS SOX, per pair, .25c
GIFT TIES, boxed, .25c
PYJAMAS, per suit, \$1.19
DRESS SHIRTS, each, .79c
ALL WOOL SWEATERS, \$1.49

We also have a Complete Stock of TAGS, SEALS, PAPER, TREE DECORATIONS, LIGHTS, ETC.

SHOP AT HOME AND SAVE

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

RED AND WHITE STORE

Doctor: "Have you told Mr. Brown that he is the father of twins?"
Nurse: "No yet—he's aching."

GIFTS THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED

OUR GIFT STATIONERY MAKES WRITING A PLEASURE—In Gift boxes, 35c to \$2.50. In Color Charts, \$1.00; \$1.25; \$1.50; \$1.75
PERFUMES AND COLOGNES—by Molinard and de Raymond
PEN & PENCIL SETS, by Parker, Sheaffer and Waterman—Priced from \$2.00 to \$12.00

FROSTY-FLUIT ICE CREAM CAKE—the delicious, new ice cream creation. Serves 12 to 16 persons. Ask us about this for your Christmas dessert.

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.P. McKibbin, Pharm. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

VOLUME 19; NUMBER 45

F. RIGBY WINS WHEAT AND PAUL PAWLOWSKI OATS CHAMPIONSHIP

Both Winners are From Alberta's North Country

Francis Lloyd Rigby of Wembley Alberta was crowned wheat "king" of the North American continent for the third year in succession when his sample of hard spring wheat was judged in top place at the Chicago International Livestock Exposition Hay and Grain Show.

Rigby, a 22-year-old student at the University of Alberta, striving for an agricultural degree, has aided his father on the Wembley farm, and he is a member of an Alberta junior grain club.

Paul Pawlowski of VILNA, POLSKA, won the oats championship.

CHICAGO—Paul Francis Pawlowski, 22-year-old Vilna, Alberta youth, on Saturday became the oats "king" of the North American continent when his sample of the Victory variety was adjudged best in the grain and hay show at the 41st Annual International Live Stock Exposition.

The reserve championship in oats also went to a Canadian, D.I. Scott of City View, Ont. He showed a winning sample of early oats, Alaska variety.

Last year, also, the oats crown was awarded to Canada when Bill Skidans of Andrews, Alta., won with a sample of Victory variety.

Pawlowski's championship sample weighed 49 pounds a bushel.

A warm Chinook wind came out of the west Tuesday morning and with bright skies the temperatures rose to 45 above in the afternoon. Light snow rapidly melted off the hills surrounding town.

MORE MOUNTAINS WANTED

Recruits for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police are still being sought. It has been announced by the Edmonton headquarters. Incorrectly reported that applicants must be of British race or terms. It was explained they must be British subjects. Recruits must be single, between the ages of 18 and 30 years, five foot eight inches tall or over, and must be physically sound and of good character. They must have completed grade nine at school.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.C.I. STRANGE

The Dominion Government has decided to consider implementing the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Dominion-Provincial Relations. There was one recommendation made, however, which even the Commission itself did not appear to be quite satisfied with. The recommendation was that the Dominion Experimental Farms should either be done away with, turned over to the provincial governments.

During the past twenty years I have tried to make myself familiar with the Dominion Experimental Farms, and I have come to hold in high esteem the work these farms have done in the past, and still doing, and in the future for our farmers.

The work of the Dominion Experimental Farms has greater value, and certainly more efficient because it is all co-ordinated and directed by one head.

Good as is the work done by Provincial organizations, I for one feel they could not possibly give the same service to the farmer as can be given by the system of Experimental Farms under one Dominion Head. For one, therefore, trust that our Farms will remain just as they are at present. When the immediate control and direction of the Dominion Government, I would, however, like to see their responsibilities increased, for then I think they can render an even better service to our farmers.

BANK OF MONTREAL ANNUAL STATEMENT SHOWS STEADY PROGRESS

Strong in all departments, the Bank of Montreal's annual financial statement issued today, reflects the increasing rate at which business throughout the Dominion has been opening during the past year. Deposits at \$84,865,349, compare with \$79,960,650 last year. Notes of the bank at \$18,616,628, up from \$18,650,772, in keeping with the continued building program of the Bank Act; acceptances and letters of credit outstanding at \$1,677,303 and other liabilities to the amount of \$2,892,125 show some increase. The total of liabilities to the public at \$84,815,220 being lower by \$4,231,629 than the bank's part in financing the expansion of industrial, agricultural and other constructive and general business activities throughout the country is reflected in an increase of over \$15,000,000 in loans to "manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others," at \$235,560,385.

The profits for the year, after making appropriations to Contingent Reserve Fund and provision for bad and doubtful debts and Federal and Provincial taxes, were \$2,435,941, as compared with \$3,462,444 in 1939. The increase in the bank's contributions to public revenue is indicated by an increase in the Federal and Provincial taxes from \$1,168,413, to \$1,257,824, or \$79,411. The profit before income tax of 4.5 per cent on the capital, net of undivided profits showed an appreciable change. After payment of the usual dividends and appropriation of \$500,000 for bonus premium, \$55,941 is added to the balance of profit and loss compared with \$82,444 in 1939; the total balance in this account is now \$1,821,642.

LONG YEARS AGO

December 4, 1929

A new school district has been formed west of Carbon, to be known as the Ardleigh Park. The districts of Ardleigh, Ronville and Sincere go to make up the new district and a school house will be built next spring.

The skating ice is ready, but curlers are still waiting to get started in the roarin' game. The weather has been too warm to make ice.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. T.J. Hudson on December 31st, a son to Mr. and Mrs. J.A. Hudson on December 21st.

W.A. Braisher's re-organization will be well under way in future this store will carry clothing, boots and shoes, etc.

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1940

CARBON AND DISTRICT

NEWS NOTES

Bill Oliphant had his hand crushed last Wednesday while working at the mine.

Bill Cameron was taken to Calgary last Thursday and operated on for appendicitis.

A few cases of Chicken Pox have been reported in town and district.

Mrs. J.J. Greenan of Calgary was a Carbon visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hay and son Billy of Sylvan Lake, were in town Sunday. Mrs. Hay is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Torrance, but Clayton and Billy have returned to their home at Sylvan Lake.

Cyril Brown and Grace Cameron were Calgary visitors Sunday. Mrs. A. Shaw, who has been in the city for a couple of days, returned with them.

Mrs. J. H. Oliphant returned home after spending the past week with her daughter, who was a patient in the Lamont hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Gimbel were in Calgary last week and brought back their infant son, who has been in the hospital since birth.

Miss Marion Torrance spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S.F. Torrance.

Mr. and Mrs. Len Ponon were business visitors to Calgary Monday.

The roads have been very slippery this week and numerous minor car accidents have been reported.

FOR SALE—Cartier Die Grain Cleaner, mounted on chassis. Ready to go. Cash or terms.—Heiback Auto Service, 1001-1008, or by mail to the Chronicle office.

Farmers who were applying last week did not continue for long, the grain being too damp and unfit to thresh.

Sgt. Wright has had the inside of his service station lined with wall board. John Currie was the carpenter in charge.

The rings were put in the curfew line on Monday night and if cold weather returns curfew will be under way soon.

Most of the local stores now have their Christmas goods out on display and Christmas advertising appears in this issue of The Chronicle. Look over these ads and do your shopping in Carbon this year.

The Anglican church will hold a Bazaar and Tea in the old bank building, Carbon, at 3 p.m. on Saturday, December 7th.

The Duke of York Chapter L.O.P.E. held a very successful bridge and whist party in the station on Friday evening. Five tables of whist and four of bridge were in progress and in the whist prizes went to Mrs. H. Brover and Mrs. Torrance. In the bridge prizes went to Mrs. S.J. Garrett and Miss Milly Hunt.

REBATE ON LICENSE PLATES TURNED IN BY JANUARY 10

The new license year in Alberta will open on April 1 next, though it is quite likely that car owners will be able to obtain new plates a short time in advance of the opening date of the new provincial session.

On January 1st there will be a further reduction in car license fees. For the last three months of the present license year, which will be from January 1 to March 31, plates will be issued upon payment of 25 per cent of the annual fee.

Rebates also will be allowed again this year on plates which are returned to the government. Plates must be turned in by January 10, next, upon which the province will rebate 20 per cent of the annual license fee.

URGENT NEED OF U.S. DOLLARS

Many Canadians do not seem to realize that, with certain exceptions, it is against the law for them to hold foreign currencies, which of course, includes United States dollars, so urgently needed to buy war materials abroad. It is the function of the Foreign Exchange Control Board to gather in all forms of exchange arising out of our exports, tourist expenditures in Canada, and from miscellaneous sources and release it for purchase of equipment, principally in the United States. If any Canadian has United States dollars, or any other foreign currencies in the form of bank account bills, cheques, drafts, or similar instruments in his possession, without the permission of the Board, he is not only evading the law and leaving himself open to prosecution, but he is hindering Canada's war effort.

ALBERTA WAR SAVINGS

Alberta's new quota for war savings has been set at \$600,000 monthly. W. H. Somerville, chairman of the national committee, advised recently that the objective for the Dominion has been set at \$10,000,000 per month. "Canadians must save and save regularly so that our factories and workers may be free to concentrate on production of tanks, shells and airplanes."

LETTER FROM ENGLAND TELLS OF RED CROSS AID

The following letter, written by Mr. Arthur, head of the Cherry Organization in England, appeared in the London Times as follows:

"The object of this letter is to make public the outstanding generosity and assistance which has been afforded by the Canadian Red Cross. But for their very ready help special workers in the districts of London, it would have been in a sorry plight. Before the intensive air raids on London began the Canadian Red Cross gave us 5,000 blankets, which happily were distributed to our offices in the boroughs throughout London. This enabled them to meet the first shock. On Monday our offices were besieged with demands for food and blankets. The Canadian Red Cross sent us to within two hours 2,000 more blankets, several tons of soup, tomatoes, biscuits, and milk, and more than 50,000 new garments. My colleagues in the London districts have worked like clock-laborers getting these goods to the various food centres organized by the London County Council. Today fresh supplies of towels, dressing gowns, and food have reached us from the same source, and are being sent out to the centres."

"I am anxious that the whole country should know how great has been the help given by the Canadian Red Cross. It is only right that tribute should be paid to the Canadian Red Cross. Its first and foremost contribution to the war effort, have done their utmost to alleviate the sufferings of the people of London, bombed out of their homes."

RED CROSS DRIVE IS NOW UNDER WAY IN DISTRICT BUT PROGRESS IS SLOW

114 Members Enrolled To Date; Total of \$270.10

Canvassing for funds for the Carbon branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society is now under way and the town has been fairly well gone over, but many country points are still to be heard from.

Some of the country committee members have reported to the secretary, but others are just getting around in it is impossible to give any fair estimate of the success of the campaign at this early date.

Of the 114 members already enrolled the sum of \$270.10 in cash and pledges has been received, as well as wheat pledges, 67 bushels.

Owing to the late harvest and consequent late start in the drive for funds in the Carbon district, the subscriptions to date are way behind as at this time last year, but it is hoped that when final returns are made donations to the Red Cross for the Carbon district will at least equal last year's contribution of 75 bushels.

Commencing next week a list of the contributors and their donations will come in The Chronicle, so that acknowledgments and appreciation of cash or wheat given may be made.

WHIST DRIVE ON DECEMBER 3

The Anglican church members held their whist drive on December 3rd. The players of the six tables enjoyed themselves very much and the following were prize winners: Lady's first, Ruth Morrow; Lady's consolation, Nora Atkinson. Men's first, Mr. Lemay, men's consolation, Bill Graham.

These drives will be held every Tuesday in future.

Lunch was served following cards, and Frank Emery was master of ceremonies.

Gift Suggestions

ELECTRIC RAZORS—6, 32 or 110 volt—Shaver, model, 1630; 535; Packard, 830; Schick, 835
SHOES—STANLEY, 281; 282; 283
TOILET KIT, in leather zipper case, \$11.45
Also, Rolls, Schick, Infection and Gillette Toilets. All at popular prices. Full line of razor blades.

GENERAL ELECTRIC GIFT APPLIANCES, such as toasters, vacuum cleaners, etc.
MUSICAL POWDER BOXES, each, \$3.95
SILVER-PLATED HOLLOWARE—Camparis, trays, salt & pepper, Cake baskets, Sandwich trays, etc.

22 RIFLES, \$5.45; AIR RIFLES, \$1.95 and \$2.45
CCM. SKATING OUTFITS, \$3.25 to \$8.50
WAGONS, \$1.95 to \$1.35; \$2.95; \$4.95; \$7.95
SKIS—HOCKEY STICKS AND GLOVES—SLEIGHES

DRESSING TABLE LAMPS, \$1.95; \$2.75; \$2.95
CCM. SKATING OUTFITS, \$3.25 to \$8.50
LADIES' WHIST WATERS, \$15.20; \$20; \$22
FANCY CHINAWARE, in Royal Albert, Petit Point, Blossom Time, Devonshire Lane.

NEW LINE OF TOYS FOR THE YOUNGER KIDDIES

Such as dolls, animals, games, washing machines, stoves, blocks, sewing sets, tricycles, doll carriages, wagons, wheelbarrows, scooters, etc. and their accessories, such as, boards, dolls, crabs, ironing boards, tea sets, etc.

Come in and see the Finest Display of Christmas Toys in Town

CHRISTMAS TREE HOLDERS, each \$5c

CHRISTMAS TREE DECORATIONS—Wreaths, Lights, etc.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE

WM. F. ROSS, Manager PHONE 1 CARBON, ALTA.

THIS CHRISTMAS GIVE

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES

WE CARRY A FULL STOCK OF

HEATERS—WIND SHIELD DE FROSTERS—

HOOD COVERS—STORAGE BATTERIES—

FLASH LIGHTS & OTHER ACCESSORIES

GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

Educational Objectivity

While this is correctly diagnosed as an age of specialization in industry, there is a danger because of this, of a trend in the direction of specialization in education in the common schools of the land, that is to say, in the public and high schools.

As a speaker in Regina, Saskatchewan, recently pointed out in a public address, "education is a process and not a product." In other words, it is a means to an end and is not an end in itself, and a means to a rightly conceived end. Education, in the common schools, properly applied, should be designed to train for citizenship rather than to train for jobs.

If this objective is lost sight of, and there is some danger that it may be if present trends are permitted to persist and expand, instead of the schools turning out young people able to take their proper places in democratic society and intelligently perform the functions of a democratic citizen, we may find our society comprised of a large body of people whose sole interests in life are technical and whose ability to understand and appreciate the finer things of life are close to zero.

If the democratic order, for the maintenance of which we are even now spilling blood and pouring out treasure to an unprecedented degree, is to be preserved, it is essential that mass opinion be sufficiently intelligent to direct its own public affairs. If democratic rule is to survive, it is essential that it be directed by an enlightened public opinion. Public opinion cannot be enlightened unless the people who form it are able to think for themselves and to solve their own problems. The people cannot think for themselves and make any valuable contributions to the problems of government and of society, unless they have been trained to do so, and this precludes a foundation of broad, cultural education.

On Sound Foundation

For this reason, if for no other, education in the public and high schools should be confined to the cultivation of the mind, to a training in the attributes and functions of good citizenship. On this foundation specialized instruction for a life vocation can be safely superimposed, to the advantage of the individual and of society at large.

Until this basic cultural and mental foundation has been acquired, intensive technical training should be held in abeyance, except perhaps for a small minority, as, for instance, those whose mental equipment is so limited that they are unable to make any progress in the cultural field, or those who, by reason of peculiar circumstances, will be unable to complete a high school course.

The demand which has grown up in recent years for specialized technical training for young people of below grade 12 standing is largely the result of the abandonment of the apprenticeship system, under which industry itself undertook to prepare youth for a vocation in life. Since then the burden of training industrial life has been thrown upon the public educational system, where it does not and should not belong. More recently and particularly in the United States, factory schools have come into vogue, an indication that industry is again assuming the responsibility which it shed when apprenticeship went into the discard.

The present day trend towards specialized technical training of mentally immature young people is not only detrimental to the individual, but is inimical to the general welfare of society generally. It deprives the youth of the opportunity of enjoying the fuller life and the latter of a large body of well informed and cultured citizenry.

The Goal Ahead

With the exception of those few to whom reference has been made, youth should be required to complete a high school course, after which the student is well equipped for a vocation in life. It deprives the former of state-aided technical schools, private technical schools, or, better still, in factory schools directly connected with industry.

Only by following the goal of the educational system of the country, as exemplified in the common schools, be expected to make their proper contribution towards the preservation of democratic ideals and provide the haven necessary to enable the citizenry to move towards that desirable goal—the strengthening of our democratic institutions and an ever improving democratic regime.

It is to conserve this ideal for the world at large and to ensure the perpetuation of civilization in its highest form, that Great Britain is enduring devastation and suffering and this country is pledged to a program of sacrificial contributions. When the fight is over and the battle won, the foundations for an abiding and enduring peace and enlightened democracy must have been laid and truly laid, if the suffering and sacrifices are not to have been in vain.

Have Become Thrifty

Munition Workers in Britain Now Spending Their Money Foolishly

British munition workers, who of today are a strangely sober lot.

They are more intent on getting out of debt and on saving money than they were during the early boom of 1914-18 when they annoyed the "upper classes" by buying pianos and fur coats.

At least this is the conclusion reached by Charles Mudge of the Institute of Economic and Social Research after a study of family expenditures in the typical munition town of Coventry, as published in the Economic Journal.

He found that skilled workers in Coventry are getting between \$28 and \$40 a week (thinks partly to considerable overtime while semi-skilled workers doing piecework and willing to work seven nights a week, are earning up to \$22 and \$30 a week. In all, 48 per cent. are earning more than they did in September, 32 per cent. are earning about the same and 20 per cent. are earning less.

But the striking part is that 57 per cent. of the families are saving money every week—in addition to their routine payments for sickness and burial insurance and for holiday benefits—and of the remaining 43 per cent. the vast majority are paying off arrears of rent and doctors' bills and grocery bills.

Airplane Bombing

United States Releases To Britain Highly Effective Type

The United States has released to Britain an outstanding type of airplane bombing which is considered highly effective, but not as accurate as the secret night one used by U.S. army and navy planes, it was learned at Washington.

The bomb was designed to be used by the British for experimental purposes and the Royal Air Force, if satisfied with its performance, may apply for its release for production.

For Propaganda Purposes

Nazi Photographers Their Crashed Planes Describing Them As

The London Times says: The Germans are finding it no difficult to obtain R.A.F. bombers to photograph for propaganda purposes that they are taking pictures of their own crashed aircraft and describing them as British.

A case occurred on September 14, when the Volkischer Beobachter published in its North German edition an impressive photograph of a wrecked airplane, alleged to be a British machine which had been shot down. It was accompanied by the triumphant caption: "The end of a British air pirate. He tried to cross the French coast, but our air defenses brought him down."

The aircraft is, in fact, quite clearly a Junkers 88. The curious English draughtsmanship of the design had painted on the fuselage in true Nazi fashion, would in itself arouse the suspicion of the observer, and a closer examination of the wreckage reveals it beyond any doubt as a Junkers 88, hundreds of which have been shot down over this country.

A comparison of photographs shows that they were identical machines.

Gifts Keep Coming

Punjab Police Force Takes Salary Cut To Buy "Planes"

The flood of gifts from all parts of the Empire in aid of British fighting forces continues, the British Broadcasting Corporation reports.

Among the gifts recently accepted were £10,000 from the British community in Istanbul and £10,000 from the Madras Governor's War Fund, making a total of £322,454. The B.B.C. also reported that officers of the Punjab Police Force have agreed to a salary cut of 20 per cent. to provide a lighter aircraft for the defence of India.

Use Of Magnesium

Is Increasing For Airplane Construction And Incendary Bombs

Use of magnesium in the construction of bombs is a comparatively recent development and is contributing to increasing demand for this metal which is also proving of high value in the manufacture of light alloys for airplane construction. The incendiary bombs now being produced are of nine inches long and two inches in diameter and weigh one kilogram, or 2.2 pounds. The tube is made of magnesium and contains about 93 per cent. of magnesium and seven per cent. of aluminum while the hollow interior is filled with a priming composition of thermite type.

Upon impact the priming material ignites spontaneously and burns at a temperature of 2,500 degrees centigrade for 40 to 50 seconds. This melts and ignites the tube and the magnesium then burns for 10 to 20 minutes at a temperature of about 1,300 degrees centigrade.

While Germany has been the chief producer of magnesium, British and American production is being increased. Canada has not as yet produced magnesium commercially although Consolidated Smelters and others have done experimental work for some years. As Canadian companies, Transcontinental Resources Limited, is interested in bribe development of the mineral field planned to produce magnesium in the near future.

Travel To Canada

New York Daily Mirror Gives This Advice To Americans

"Travel to Canada" is the editorial advice to Americans in the New York Daily Mirror.

"It is generally agreed that most Americans want to visit the nations of this hemisphere in a solid bloc that can resist any attempted invasion," says the Mirror. "It is further agreed that most Americans want to land England in any way short of war."

"Best way to contribute to both these ends is to spend your 'travel dollars' in Canada."

"Alumnists should not be permitted to fan rumours about border inspection into foolish fears that will keep Americans from planning a trip to Canada."

"The simple fact is that no more identification than a voter's registration certificate or membership in any automobile club is needed for entry into Canada, or return to America."

Nazi Troops Ignored

French People Are Adopting Hostile Attitude Toward Them

The best bit of news of Parisians has been the reopening of the fashionable Bois de Boulogne to the French. Until recently, German troops had closed it, but now the Parisians are flocking back to their favorite park. The greatest check to normalcy is, however, the presence of German troops, toward whom the French people are said to have adopted a more hostile attitude. "Gone with the wind" comments that the troops are "correct and polite." The French now have picked up the Dutch method of completely ignoring the presence of the invader.—Variety, New York.

SELECTED RECIPES

STUFFED MEAT LOAF

- 1 pound ground beef
- 1 pound ground veal
- 2 tablespoons minced onion
- 1½ teaspoons salt
- 1 teaspoon celery salt
- 1 teaspoon pepper
- 1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce
- 1 cup water

Stuffing
4 cups soft bread crumbs
½ cup Kellogg's All-Brain
1½ cups minced onion
1 cup fat
1 teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon poultry seasoning
1 cup milk, water or stock

Combine meat with onion and seasonings, excepting catsup. Flatten on piece of waxed paper into rectangular shape about 8-inch thick. Combine ingredients for stuffing, place on top of meat, and form into loaf. Bring meat up around stuffing, roll of dressing so that it is completely covered. Place in baking pan. Mix catsup with water and pour over meat roll. Bake in moderate oven 1½ hours. About one hour. Yield: Eight servings.

SOCIAL TEA TARTS

Social Tea Biscuits
Whipped cream or cream cheese
Spread Social Tea Biscuits with cream or cream cheese. Then garnish each one with a generous amount of whipped cream or cream cheese. The biscuits have been slightly softened with milk, and forced through a pastry tube.

Chantecleer
New Smoking
CIGARETTE PAPERS
DOUBLE AUTOMATIC
BOOKLET

Air Raid Shelter

Largest In The World Said To Be In New York

Biggest and most completely equipped potential air raid shelter in the world is right in the middle of Manhattan, New York.

It is the vast system of underground chambers and corridors extending below six city blocks that comprises the operations centre of the world's largest skyscraper development, Rockefeller Centre, which houses The Associated Press, The Canadian Press, the National Broadcasting Company, the Radio City Musical Hall and thousands of smaller tenants.

Here, farther below ground than any bomb known could penetrate, and protected by the bulk of the buildings above, is a mass of engine rooms, workrooms, warehouses, landing platforms and ramps capable of sheltering 50,000 persons.

The labyrinth starts below the centre underground shopping concourse and goes down 70 feet below ground—below sea level in some places.

The space is ventilated, lighted and heated by self-contained machines which supply the buildings above. It contains a complete restaurant for building employees in addition to several kitchens of restaurants above.

Got Their Wish

Consentation Objectors In Channel Islands Now Under Nazi Rule

German troops occupying the Channel Islands have captured a hundred British conscientious objectors. They are part of a batch of 200 sent in the first week of June to help with the potato harvest. Many of the 200 told the conciliar tribunals that they would be quite uninterested if the Nazis invaded Britain; others said they were just as much interested in Hitler as in a democracy.

When German invaders at first threatened the Channel Islands, most of the conscientious objectors tried to get back to Britain. Some stayed away in cargo boats. Others were allowed to evacuate after the women and children and the fighting men had got away. A number were too late. Few preferred to stay and live under Nazi rule.—Brandon Sun.

Smallest Watch

Swiss-American Watchmaker Builds World's Tiniest Timepiece

Max Argenti, Swiss-American watchmaker, made what is believed to be the smallest accurate watch in the world. It is smaller than the average man's finger and is Argenti's hobby is—watchmaking. It took him two hours daily for one year to make the tiny watch, which is 3-32nds of an inch thick and 17-32nds of an inch in diameter. The screws on the watch have been made so pinpoint and the pinions are only as thick as a human hair.

Story Being Revealed

Wife Of Former French Premier Was Next Political Figure

The Toronto Telegram says: Gradually the story of the Countess Helen de Portes, close friend and political adviser to French Premier Paul Reynaud, is being revealed. Censorship gobbled up the story in the time of her husband's death in a motor accident last June, but Andre Maurois gave some inkling of the truth a while ago in *Colliers*. Lillian Mowrer who featured in Town Hall Series, can tell the rest of it. When the tale is told together from all sources, the young countess is revealed as one of the big-scale grafters in history.

Politicians crossed her path with silver to get appointments and in Paris it was the slogan: "Allez voir Madame de Portes, elle ouvre." She was beautifully dressed, fair, by the best couturiers. She was the daughter of a French industrialist, Charles Sans Rebuffel, and had no more education than French bourgeois girls. Her marriage to the Count helped her make a political salon. Her best friend was Mme. Georges Bonnet, and through her she met Laval, Landon and Reynaud. The Countess conducted her salon on a business basis for the sake of power and political favors.

In 1931, under the prodding of the Princess Bibesco, she first noticed Reynaud. The two fell madly in love, and her influence surrounded him like an impenetrable wall. In 1933 she went pro-Nazi and secured appointment to the cabinet as a member of the Council of Ministers. When Reynaud became premier, she was with him constantly, and it was she who convinced him further fighting was futile. When their planned escape from France with one hundred million gold francs was discovered, Reynaud took the Countess in a high-powered car, although he was no driver. A crash resulted and she was killed.

NEWLY CREATED POSITION

LT-COL. K. A. McLENNAN
New Vice-President, Robin Hood Flour Mills, Ltd.

Toronto.—LT-COL. K. A. McLENNAN, who for 25 years has been manager of the Pacific Coast Domestic and Export Sales Department of Robin Hood Flour Mills Limited, Vancouver, was elected a Vice-President of the company and appointed to the newly created position of Western General Manager, effective immediately. McLENNAN will make his headquarters at Mount Javel, B.C., in the near future.

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Chest Coughing Colds

If there's irritation in upper respiratory tract, coughing, sneezing, sore throat, etc., you can get relief with a warm, moist, steamy vapor.

With this more thorough treatment, the positive and vapor action of Vicks VapoRub opens up the passages with soothing medicinal vapors. STAYS IN THE NOSE, right away! Results delight even old friends of VapoRub.

TO GET A "VapoRub Massage" on the face, hold the bottle in the palm of the hand for 3 minutes on the face. Rub the bottle into the skin as well as throat and chest. This drives the vapors into the skin with a warm, moist, steamy vapor.

Desperate Gambler

Hitler's Ramshackle Empire Is Seen As On Weak Support

The best picture one can draw of Hitler from available evidence is not that of the Nazi propaganda; it is the picture of a desperate gambler of the Wilhelminian type, pyramiding his winnings under ever greater pressure of time for power and political favors.

Overgrown, uneasy, disgruntled and nervous, resting on the fearfully weak reeds of Italy and Japan, driven to dicker with the Soviets, and baffled in every attempt to break the supreme center of resistance in the hearts of the British people.

And this ramshackle empire faces a steadily growing British air power, delivering ever heavier and heavier blows, and backed not only by the full resources of the British Commonwealth but in even greater measure by the full industrial power of the United States.

If one looks at deeds of which Hitler is so fond and not at the words, communiques and propaganda, this seems to be the picture. What power Hitler may yet have suddenly to reverse it, we do not know. He is fertile in surprises, and he has, certainly not yet exhausted the immense resources of German strength. No one would imagine for a moment that the war has been won. But there are some of the reasons for believing that the prospect is actually brighter to-day than in many months, and for believing, too, that the shortest road to peace and a genuine reconstruction of the world is straight down the road to which not only the British people, but the American people as well, have set themselves.—New York Herald Tribune.

The least explored area along the entire route of the proposed Pan-American highway is in the Darien Indian region of Panama.

Having had no apprentices to saddle-making for years, England may revive the trade.

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NEED FOR MORE SACRIFICES TO AID THE WAR EFFORT

Ottawa.—Canada's third war loan will be undertaken next summer with a campaign patterned on the Victory loan campaigns of the first Great War, Finance Minister Itley announced.

"The amount which we will need to raise will require the creation of a broad national organization to ensure that all persons who are financially able to subscribe for war bonds shall be directly approached," Mr. Itley told the House of Commons.

"As a people, we must develop full understanding of our joint responsibility for the results which we wish to obtain."

War-time borrowing and increased taxation, the minister emphasized, were essential not only to finance the war program but were fundamentally, to restrict civilian buying.

When Canadians generally appreciated the fact that "probably more than one-third of the entire national income now was being devoted to war purposes, they would realize the sacrifices each would be required to make."

The finance minister warned against an "excessive and dangerous" optimism regarding the present state of the war. The war was not won, Canadians were too assured of victory, not sure enough that the important things in their lives were really in jeopardy.

An "excessive and dangerous" optimism as to the outcome of the war existed, Mr. Itley said. "We must be assured too much so," he told the House of Commons.

"We feel vaguely that the important things in our lives are at stake, but we are not so sure that they are in jeopardy. Instead of consciousness, every waking moment of the deadly peril of a powerful enemy, many of us have a feeling that the battle of Britain is won, that all is well."

The war was not won, he declared. A far closer engagement with the enemy would be necessary long before victory was achieved.

"Not only must our fighting force engage him, we must engage him in our civilian activities—the making of sacrifices, the foregoing of pleasures, the devotion of our substance to the common cause."

The finance minister reviewed the state of government wartime finance from several angles, basic principles, developments, criticisms and future prospects.

Canada now was spending on war purposes only "probably more" than one-third of the entire national income, he said, or more than \$1,000,000,000 a year. When the people fully appreciated what this meant, they would realize the individual sacrifices would be necessary all round.

Canadians would have to restrict individual expenditures not only to meet war taxation and help subscribe essential war loans, but curtail their effective demand for commodities which competed for labor and materials with war production.

"We must be prepared to raise very large sums of money in one way or another and divert ever-increasing amounts of our national income into the treasury," he said. "It will be no easy task."

It would require the utmost skill, the most energetic direction, and hard, unremitting work on the part of the government and the people but he believed that "we can do by voluntary action as much as the enemy is doing by the most rigid compulsion."

Since the outbreak of war 350,000 persons had been added to the military and 200,000 to the armed services, but some unemployment remained. However, the war program would produce full employment before many months have passed."

Lack Of Planes

British Did Not Have One Spitfire At Time Of Munich Crisis

Ipswich, Eng.—Sir Neville Henderson, former British ambassador to Germany, in a speech here said he did not know whether the critics of the late Neville Chamberlain realized then or now that on Sept. 28, 1938, at the climax of the Munich crisis, "we did not have a single Spitfire."

"We had one or two experimental Hurricanes and seven modern anti-aircraft guns for the defence of London out of 400 estimated as the minimum necessary," he added.

Educationalists Meet

Study New Methods Of Emphasizing Canadian Citizenship

Ottawa.—Educational authorities from every province except Alberta met in conference and discussed possibilities of a Dominion-wide campaign to bring Canadians to greater consciousness of Canadian nationality by co-ordinating efforts of the press, radio, motion pictures, religion and education.

Government departments, universities, secondary and primary schools, the Canadian Legion and various educational organizations were represented.

The conference was called by Education Minister C. H. Blakey of New Brunswick with the idea of creating a national body to study present educational trends and recommend new methods of emphasizing Canadian citizenship.

Mr. Blakey said he expected the movement would stimulate war morale and set a foundation for peace morale.

Hon. Duncan McArthur, minister of education for Ontario, said the teaching of citizenship should have special direction.

"The problem is not one of discussion, but of participation," he said. "We are not going to make good citizens of our children by mere talk."

Russia Not Impressed

Newspaper Comments On Failure Of Italy To Aid War With Greece

London.—The British Broadcasting Corporation quoted the Soviet army newspaper Red Star as saying the start of the war in Greece "cannot be regarded as a success by the Italian direction of the campaign."

"The Italians hoped to occupy Greece quickly," the B.B.C. quoted the paper as saying, "but it is already obvious that the Italian command has erred in this respect."

The paper declared British and German bombers are inducing the Italians against the Italians, the B.B.C. said.

The B.B.C. added that the paper warned against overestimating Greek successes, and said "despite their disasters, the Italians may be able to start a new offensive."

Would Break With Nazis

United States Is Urged To Renounce Neutrality

New York.—William Allen White, chairman of the committee to defend America by aiding the allies, declared what he termed the United States "false neutrality with Germany."

"We can no longer hold ourselves aloof from the United League club. We need not take up arms, but we must take sides. . . I believe the United States should bring to a vote the cancellation of neutrality laws with Germany and the question of all aid to Great Britain."

White urged the introduction in congress of a "joint resolution which would give us freedom of action against aggressor who broke all treaties."

Study Wheat Outlook

Canadian Wheat Board Appoints Committee To Investigate

Winnipeg.—The advisory committee of the Canadian wheat board has appointed a sub-committee from its own membership to study problems expected to concern wheat production in 1941. D. G. McKenzie, Winnipeg, was named chairman of the sub-committee.

Various plans which might be applied to meet the situation of wheat and other problems will be studied by the committee under Mr. McKenzie.

Goes Over The Top

Canadian First Division Contributed Generously To Spitfire Fund

Southeastern in England.—The Canadian First Division's Spitfire fund went over the top and the \$22,250 contributed by voluntary contributions by officers and men will be presented shortly to Lord Beaverbrook, minister of aircraft production. A huge bottle labelled "A Blitz Against Priests" stood in the lobby of divisional headquarters. Passers-by tossed in small change.

Underground Hangars

Washington.—Tentative plans for installation of underground airplane hangars at the military bases recently located from the British government in a list for 50 destroyers have been drawn up by the United States war department.

British Columbia Leads

In Per Capita Basis Made Of War Savings Certificate

Ottawa.—Sales of war savings certificates in the five-month period from June 1 to Oct. 31 totalled \$86,091,680, war savings committee headquarters announced.

British Columbia was the leading contributor to the basis of per capita sales with \$3.71, the committee said, but Ontario led in dollar volume sales of \$10,777,715.

Sales by provinces with per capita figures in brackets: Prince Edward Island, \$132,220 (\$1.35); Nova Scotia, \$133,080 (\$2.31); New Brunswick, \$325,600 (\$1.82); Quebec, \$4,583,785 (\$1.43); Ontario, \$10,777,715 (\$2.83); Manitoba, 2,018,405 (\$2.17); Saskatchewan, \$1,690,905 (\$1.71); Alberta, \$1,766,385 (\$2.16); British Columbia, \$2,660,785 (\$3.75).

WAR-TIME PEAK OF PRODUCTION IS APPROACHING

Ottawa.—Negotiations have been completed for construction in Canada of 18 large merchant vessels for the British government, Supply Minister Howe announced in the House of Commons. These vessels will be built "in our large shipyards on the St. Lawrence river and Pacific coast," the minister said. Contracts are in process of being awarded.

In a detailed review of the vast industrialization of Canada during the past 14 months the minister forecast that Canada's production peak would be reached in the next eight months.

Mr. Howe also announced the appointment of a wartime requirements board headed by H. R. MacMillan, Vancouver, who is also minister of commerce, to ensure that war needs will have priority over all other needs.

Production of many lines of war essentials, including ship-building, was well ahead of schedule, the minister said during the throne speech debate.

In his progress report the minister of munitions and supply also said:

"The machine tool controller has ordered that no new model of vehicle, railway car, refrigerator, etc., be produced in Canada so that die tools production will not be diverted from munitions uses."

Canada will shortly be making practically every type of gun used in the present war.

"Substantial" tank production is expected early in 1941, all tank parts being manufactured in Canada except motors.

Shell production is being increased to a rate of 2,000,000 a month, by long-distance bombers of the R.A.F. carried out during last weekend. Bomb hits were scored on the main jetty, and fires and explosions occurred which are believed to have damaged ships lying alongside.

So swiftly are the British fighters going into action that the communiqué said that one unit, which arrived Nov. 18, moved to its operational base the next morning, was fighting the enemy the same afternoon and downed eight Italian biplane fighters.

"When munition plants now under construction or being looted up reach full production, it is my opinion that

NIGHT AND DAY ACK-ACK GUNS READY FOR RAIDERS



4.5 Anti-Aircraft Battery in action during a night raid on the west coast of England. The gun is firing 50 destroyers elongated flashes while in the foreground are the predictor and range finder crews.

CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF

Our productive capacity will have been tested to its practical limit," said Mr. Howe.

"We are still undertaking new projects but the location of such projects now must be confined to select areas that still offer surplus power and labor possibilities."

The minister said he was handicapped by the necessity of maintaining secrecy regarding production figures for munitions and airplanes and "production teams" had been sent to both the United States and the United Kingdom to learn operating techniques.

Technical schools had helped to meet the demand for skilled workers and "production teams" had been sent to both the United States and the United Kingdom to learn operating techniques.

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Assumes New Post

Winnipeg Man Appointed Associate Deputy Minister of Labor

Ottawa.—Arthur MacNamara, of Winnipeg, has been appointed associate deputy minister of labor, Hon. Norman McFarlane, minister of labor, announced.

Mr. MacNamara held the position of deputy minister of public works and labor in the Manitoba government until he came here a few months ago on loan to the department of national defence as chairman of the dependents' allowance board.

In his new position Mr. MacNamara will be associated with Dr. Bryce M. Stewart, who recently accepted appointment as deputy minister of labor for the duration of the war.

Nazi Invasion

Toronto.—Dr. Thomas Greenwood, staff lecturer of the University of Toronto, said in an interview he doesn't think the Nazi invasion of Britain has been cancelled, but that "it has merely been delayed."

BOMBING PLANES FROM U. S. WILL GO TO BRITAIN

Washington.—The United States army announced the release to Great Britain of 26 four-engined bombers sight and disclosed negotiations are under way for early release to the Royal Air Force of 20 of its "B-24" bombers.

Gen. George C. Marshall, army chief of staff, made the disclosures at a press conference at which it also was announced 26 four-engined bombers ordered for United States are being released for sale to Britain as fast as they can be produced.

Announcement of the release to Britain of the "B-24" bombers came with the disclosure by Gen. Marshall the United States now is employing a new and presumably improved sight on its bombing planes, the Norden sight. Details of the Norden sight are secret.

Release of the "B-24" bombers to R.A.F. and opening of negotiations for sale of the "B-24" bombers followed months of controversy as to whether the weapons should be made available to Britain. Such action has been advocated by the Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies and many other organizations and newspapers.

Each of the huge four-engined bombers will be equipped with one of the Norden bombsights, enabling British air technicians to copy them for equipping R.A.F. planes after the war.

Marshall said he understood the first 26 four-engined B-24 bombers had been delivered to Britain November 26 by the Consolidated Aircraft Company at San Diego, Calif.

The remainder of this group is to be delivered between now and the first part of March, he added.

At the same time, the army high command disclosed negotiations are under way for the release of 20 B-17C bombers, the four-engined "Flying fortresses" made by the Boeing Aircraft Corporation at Seattle, Wash. The "Flying fortresses," Gen. Marshall said, would be equipped with ammunition and everything else except the secret Norden bomb sight.

Asked whether the negotiations involved "Flying fortresses" already delivered to army depots or those soon to come from the production line, Gen. Marshall replied that would depend upon whether it was faster to replace the Norden bomb sight in existing planes or to make the change over to other type sights on the production line.

Both the B-17's and the B-24's are long-range heavy bombers capable of carrying tons of high explosives from the British Isles to any part of Germany. They weigh in the neighborhood of 40,000 pounds each, and Gen. Marshall indicated they have a range with bombs of about 3,000 miles—1,500 miles out and 1,500 miles back.

Primary purpose of the release of the "Flying fortresses" from the viewpoint of the United States was to obtain an actual test of the Norden sight, no comparable plane having ever been used in actual operations, Marshall said.

"Such a test will enable us to make desired modifications in planes now under contract for future delivery," he added.

It was indicated six of the Consolidated bombers would be delivered to Britain by the first of the year and the remainder by the end of the year across the Atlantic.

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GREEK SUCCESS STRIKES BLOW AT ITALIAN PRESTIGE

London.—Mussolini told his people that Greece's back would surely be broken, but thus far the only fracture of the Italo-Greek war seems to be Italian, not Greek, prestige.

The back of the Italian attack all along the 100-mile front is obviously sagging, if not already fractured. Whether her ultimate fate, Greece has struck a stunning blow at Italian prestige, already dimmed by Britain in Egypt and Italy's vaunted air force.

It seems probable, too, that the Greek stand has forced a drastic revision of the axis time-table and ruled out the possibility of any early dramatic German-Italian attack in eastern theatre of war.

That was the gist of an interview from Berlin. Nazi commentators talk of the big push in the east coming next spring, not this winter.

Obviously the Greek stand has done more than bolster anti-axis sentiment in Turkey. It has contributed to a more realistic appraisal of the military situation in the Mediterranean likely to give Spain pause in risking belligerency as an ally.

European observers have predicted a vast axis-S

Educational Schemes

Canadian Troops In England Are Going To School

Coralled into their winter billets, Canadians in Britain are going to school again.

Adult education schemes worked out by experts for the Canadian Legion committee after a survey made last spring among overseas forces by Robert England will be in full swing soon.

Great demand was for correspondence courses so a special series has been compiled. Each consists of four pocket sized books and is a condensed year's course. The text is self-instructive and requires the minimum of outside help though this will be available for one instructor in each subject will come to England.

To start with the subjects available in pocket diary size are: English, mathematics, bookkeeping, business arithmetic, mechanical drawing or draughting, automotive engineering, drawing, engineering, electricity and principles of radio.

British educational authorities have formally offered all facilities in technical and other institutions to the Canadians but blackout and raids limit their usefulness.

The Canadian Legion War Service officials who have been entrusted with the educational phase of troop welfare by the Canadian government are also arranging lecture series on popular subjects.

The ranks will not be the only ones attending lectures. General McNaughton has decided his officers should hear of subjects other than those connected with warfare. Col. Hamilton Gault is arranging a series of talks and inviting well-known men to speak. There is one hard and fast rule, however, no mention of mention—direct or indirect of the war.

First speaker will be Sir Harry Warr and his subject is "Battle to Balkans—The Syrian, Arabian and Libyan Deserts." Not the least interesting part of the talk will be an account of a visit Sir Harry paid Abdul the Damned in Constantinople. About 500 officers are expected to attend and the lectures will be at their camps.

Beginning To Doubt

French People Not Convinced Nazi Rule Preferable To Fighting

People in France were coming off they would not have been better off to die defending their country than undergo a life of starvation and virtual slavery under Nazi conquerors, said Sir T. Johnston, of California, in an interview at Calgary while en route home from a four months' stay in France.

Mr. Johnston, a retired Bakersfield oil operator, was in the south of France when the Nazi hordes broke through and reached Paris just before the city was occupied. "The Nazis were quite efficient they would be able to lay Britain in ruins within a few weeks and it was generally regarded as Sept. 16 was to be the big day," he said. "The terrific and continuous blasting of airports by the Royal Air Force apparently must have caused them to revise their plans because when I left Paris on Oct. 2 the whole scheme seemed to be up in the air. Subsequent events proved that the Nazis were compelled to call off the invasion."

Success Means Digging

And Humble Hoe Is Good Example Of Hard Work

Hard work means nothing to the hen. She keeps on digging for worms and laying eggs, regardless of what the business propagandists say about the outlook for this or any other season.

If the ground is hard, she scratches harder. If it's dry, she digs deeper. If it's wet, she digs where it's dry. But always she digs up worms and turns them into hard-shelled profits.

Did you ever see a pessimistic hen? Did you ever hear one sing about death waiting for worms to dig themselves to the surface?

Did you ever hear one cackle because work was hard? Not on your life! They save their breath for digging and the cackles for eggs. Success means digging. Are you? Calgary Albertan.

Many Chignons Cashed

Chignons cashed by the chartered banks of Canada against individual accounts totalled \$22,082,000.00 in the eight-month period ended Aug. 31, 1940, as compared with \$19,000,000.00 a year ago.

After being broken, nothing is as good as it was, including your word.

South Africa recently banned 37 American comic publications.

Attains Great Age

Big Tree Species Of Redwood Lives Over 3,000 Years

Some of the giant redwood trees in California are nearly 3,000 years old and still living. It is difficult to comprehend such antiquity. Comparably, the span of human life is so brief that anything going back more than a hundred years seems to fade into the dim past of all previous history.

Yet these beautiful old trees were already 1,500 years of age when Columbus landed on the shores of North America. They had lived long before William the Norman invaded England in 1066. When King John was signing the Magna Charta, these great redwoods had seen more than 1,300 years of life. While the Ancient Britons were attempting to repel the invading hordes of Julius Caesar, the seeds from which these giants grew fell softly on the soil of what is now California. Now, after nearly 2,000 years their lives are drawing to a close; for no redwood lives more than 3,000 years.

Such longevity is indeed impressive; but it fades almost into insignificance when compared to that of the ancient "Big Tree" relative of the famous Pacific coast redwood. The "Big Tree" is found only in the Sierra Nevada mountains and attains an age of 3,000 years or more, making it the oldest known American tree. When the nearly 3,000 year old redwoods of California were just starting to sprout from the ground, many of these "Big Trees" were just starting to grow. Some are now 5,000 birthdays come and go!

But we suppose people will continue to call a man of 50 middle-aged. —Fort Erie Times-Review.

Welsh Girl Played Safe

Had Reason For Not Talking To Mr. Lloyd George

When Mr. Lloyd George was a young courtier selector in Wales, he was riding home in his dog-cart one day and came upon a little Welsh girl trudging along so wearily that he offered her a ride. She accepted, but he did not take her to his home.

"First, there are the postal cards which are included with the parcels. They are signed by the prisoners and returned in the thousands. Secondly, International Red Cross inspectors are constantly visiting the prison camps in Germany where they are allowed to talk privately with the prisoners and find out whether or not they receive their parcels of food."

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Mrs. Elmer Glyn, the writer, and Captain Davies, both former residents of Ontario, at a luncheon at Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London. Captain Davies was in charge of the "suicide squad" that removed the time bomb from St. Paul's Cathedral.

British Prisoners Of War

Red Cross Has Proof That Parcels Of Food Are Being Received

At the request of the British Red Cross, the recognized agent of the British Government in the feeding of British prisoners of war in enemy territory, the Canadian Red Cross has agreed to supply 10,000 parcels a week each.

Mr. Routley, national commissioner of the Canadian Red Cross, has answered the question, "What proof have you that the British and Canadian prisoners do get the food?" He says:

"First, there are the postal cards which are included with the parcels. They are signed by the prisoners and returned in the thousands. Secondly, International Red Cross inspectors are constantly visiting the prison camps in Germany where they are allowed to talk privately with the prisoners and find out whether or not they receive their parcels of food."

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Short Wave Treatment

Cure Colds In Britain By Use Of Radio

Short-wave radio treatment for colds has proved effective in 75 per cent of the 1,000 cases treated at a northwest of England factory.

Ernest Bevin, Minister of Labor, is much impressed with this new cold cure and will probably set the wheels moving for a national scheme if investigations prove it is a workable proposition.

The minister who developed the treatment would like to see short-wave apparatus in every big factory and industrial shelter this winter. They believe it would be a great addition to the nation's defenses against an enemy as dangerous as some ways as German bombers.

Those who have undergone the treatment say that the symptoms of the oncoming cold—headache, smarting nostrils and swollen eyes disappear in a few minutes, never to return.

A Unique Industry

Nova Scotians Have Every Reason To Be Proud Of It

The Financial Post says: Nova Scotians are pointing with pride to a novel industry which for several years has grown and prospered at Liverpool.

It is Best Yeast Ltd. which utilizes waste sugar from spruce and fir trees for the manufacture of yeast. The company recently opened a new plant in Ontario to supplement the Liverpool plant.

It is the only industry of its kind in the British Empire.

It is proof that industrial ingenuity and resources are by no means confined only to central Canada.

Recognized Counterfeit

Very Little Red Money Passed At New York World's Fair

The New York Times says less than a thousand dollars in counterfeit money was taken in at the New York World's Fair, out of total receipts of nearly \$70,000,000.

The authorities think it is due to the fact that, earlier, the general public and even children have been taught to recognize counterfeits. It now remains to teach people how to tell the real from the fraudulent in other spheres of life, and this will be a pretty good world at last.

Eight tons of roses are required to extract for perfume manufacture one pound of genuine oil of roses. A pound of the oil is valued at approximately \$175.

Caucasiann apes of Russia were crowded with vacationers this year.

AT A COMMUNAL CENTRE IN LONDON

Synthetic Glass

Makes Light Turn Corners And Saves Thousands Of Lives

United States science which produced a glass-like substance to make light turn corners was declared to be saving the lives of thousands of Londoners during the current bombings.

The material, made out of coal, water and air, is synthetic glass, known technically as a methyl methacrylate resin and commercially as curvite, and has come into wide use in surgical operations. Light at one end of a refractor is pulled open surgical incisions to carry around the bend of the instrument and directly into the operating field.

In the total blackness of London nights these instruments are making it possible for surgeons to operate on emergency cases when bright overhead lights are forbidden and the patients could not otherwise live until morning, according to a report before members of the Southern Medical Association at its annual meeting.

The announcement that Britain is to buy merchant ships in the United States up to the value of \$50,000,000, indicates that the British merchant marine of around 21,000,000 tons, is to be maintained at that level, and for every ship sunk by a Nazi submarine, there will be a ship for replacement. It is a safety first, with all contingencies provided for.

There is no doubt that with Channel ports held by the Nazis, the maritime menace has been increased. There can also be no doubt that the British Admiralty is well engaged in devising improved means and methods of combating the U-boats.

But the shipping resources of the United States, and the Empire at large, constitutes real insurance. And incidentally, Canadian workers in shipyards are doing almost as important a job as the defenders in the various services. —St. Catharines Standard.

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Safe Driving

Getting Special Recognition To Those Who Have Clean Record

Commanding a recent editorial in these columns which advocated better examination of drivers and, especially, broader application of the requirement for periodic re-examination to determine physical condition and powers of eyesight, a correspondent again raises the question of tangible rewards for safe driving. He would have an entry made on the driver's record for each year of operation without accident.

Further, he would have this record of previous performance taken into consideration should the holder of the license receive a summons for violation of the motor vehicle law or be involved in an accident.

There is merit in the idea of active recognition of good driving to offset the black mark, such as the entry of convictions for infractions of the motor vehicle law upon the license. Already insurance companies in many states make a reduction in the premium for liability insurance following a record of accident-free operation.

In Connecticut a motorist who has had a clean record for five years and has satisfied the motor vehicle commission of his good character and responsibility on the road may use a badge of merit in the form of a license which will have his name and initials without numerals.

It is human nature to respond to reward more actively than to blame and to take pride in such performance for which reward has been earned. It may be that the American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators can take a further step toward highway safety by working out a method to assure the safe driver his need of praise. —New York Times.

Polish Troops Ready

Allies Of Britain Equipped For Service In Far East

Polish troops, many of whom smashed their way out of Warsaw under fire, crossed Russia and the Carpathian mountains to Asia Minor, are ready for war service in the Near East.

These soldiers went to Syria to campaign against the British after their country fell. They worked and trained there until France capitulated.

Then, with nearly 100 staff cars, and machine guns, rifles and ammunition loaded on mules, they crossed over into Palestine. They were welcomed, they trained again and collected new horses for their cavalry, new guns and uniforms for their infantry.

Alan Moorhead told of these allies in a dispatch from Cairo to the London Daily Express. He described how, as a full unit, they strode past Anthony Eden when the war secretary visited their area.

"They rode like a band of the saluting base containing Mr. Eden, Lt.-Gen. Sir Henry Wilson and a general of Polish, British, Greek and Egyptian officers, and a sprinkling of excited Polish women who were about their home there," Moorhead wrote.

"Fair-haired, blue-eyed, burned a blackish brown by exposure, they came past with such a gleam of smile that even toughened British field officers got up and clapped."

Read Your Paper

No Guesswork About News When You See It In Print

Rumors run wild, once they get away from sober print. They were the bombing of the Empress of Britain, for example. News despatches pointed out that the Empress was the fourth largest ship under the British flag, but the other three being the Queen Elizabeth, Queen Mary and Aquitania. Radio announcers mentioned this. Listeners promptly started passing the word on. You can guess what happened. The second time the news was relayed on the street, someone said the Queen Mary sunk, some one else the Aquitania, and so on. In these times of stress and excitement, there is more than mere comfort in the printed word. It goes deeper than that, to the sober sense of reality which is the fibre of war morale. Don't rely on what they say! Read your paper, and keep the record straight in your own mind.—Vancouver Sun.

Cholera Was Varied

Police In Columbia, S.C., arrested 37-year-old man at a shoplifting suspect. In a sack the man carried were: 10 packages of headache powder; five packages of razor blades; one tube of shaving soap; two pairs of winter gloves and a flat iron.

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B. A. Oil Products

- PEERLESS ETHYL
- SEVENOX AND BRITISH
- MOTOR GASOLINES
- FLASH DISTILLATE
- OILS AND GREASES

D. G. MURRAY

WINTER OVERCOAT
YOUR CAR

Change Now to
WINTER GRADE
GREASE AND OIL

- Willard Batteries
- Fan Belts, and
- Firestone Tires and
Tubes, Etc.

CARBON AUTO SERVICE

Phone: 33 — C.A. Crossman.

EFFICIENT DRAYING

AT REASONABLE PRICES
COUNTRY TRIPS
SOFT WATER HAULED AT
25c PER BARREL
PHONE

JAS. SMITH

THEATRE

THURS., DEC. 5

GRACIE FIELDS

— IN —

"SMILING ALONG"

ALL IN TECHNICOLOR

THURSDAY, DEC. 12

"ETERNALLY YOURS"

FREEDUNAL
BAPTIST CHURCH

DECEMBER 8, 1940

FREEDUNAL CHURCH—
10 a.m.—Sunday School,
11 a.m.—Prayer Service,
7 p.m.—B.Y.P.U. Business meeting.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

REV. FREDERICK A.P. Pastor

BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

REV. R. MILBRANT, Pastor

10:00 a.m.—Sunday School,
11:00 a.m.—Morning Service,
7:00 p.m.—Evening Service.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

Birks Diamond
Engagement Rings
possess . . .
Extra Brilliance
Extra Value

1000
1250

Ring of 125.00 is mounted
in platinum, the other in
18kt. white gold.

The Budget Club offers
convenient terms.

Birks

Catalogue on Request

**HENRY BIRKS & SONS
(WESTERN) LIMITED
CALGARY, ALTA.**

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at
CARBON, ALBERTA

Member Alberta Division Canadian

Weekly Newspapers Association

EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,

Editor and Publisher

Art was in Calgary and Jones who
being away, the boys had all gathered
to celebrate. What a party it had been.
Just at midnight Jones saw Art put
on his hat and walk uncertainly to-
wards the front door. "Oh, my man,"
he protested, "you're not going home
yet, are you?"
"No," said Art, standing himself on
the knob. "I'm just going to nich
the laht car home. Be back in a min-
ute."

DON'T JUST ASK FOR BREAD!
—INSIST ON—
CARBON-MADE BREAD
WHEN MAKING YOUR PURCHASES
DICK'S BAKERY

It was the ship's concert and the
song was "Asleep in the Deep." The
singer had got well and truly deep
when an awed voice from the back of
the hall was heard:
"Crickety, he'll scuttle himself

He (telling of more exploits): "My
servant and I made fifty wild Arab
run."
She: "However did you do it?"
He: "Oh, we just ran, and they ran
after us."

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

*A presentation, in easily understandable form,
of the 'Bank's*

ANNUAL STATEMENT

31st October, 1940

LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES TO THE PUBLIC

Deposits	\$848,865,349.96
Payable on demand and after notice	
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	19,816,520.50
Payable on demand	
Acceptances and Letters of Credit Outstanding	11,677,303.17
Financial responsibilities undertaken on behalf of customers (set off against amount in "Reserves").	
Other Liabilities to the Public	3,892,125.64
Items which do not come under the foregoing headings	
Total Liabilities to the Public	\$884,251,299.27

LIABILITIES TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits and Reserves for Dividends	77,083,656.50
This amount represents the shareholders' interest in the Bank, over which liabilities in the public take precedence	
Total Liabilities	\$961,334,955.77

RESOURCES

To meet the foregoing Liabilities the Bank has

Cash in its Vaults and Money on Deposit with Bank of Canada	\$ 83,034,576.56
Notes and Cheques on Other Banks	32,254,269.70
Payable in cash on presentation	
Money on Deposit with Other Banks	61,382,283.44
Available on demand or at short notice	
Government and Other Bonds and Debentures	461,827,040.63
Not exceeding market value. The greater portion consists of gold-backed securities which mature at early dates	
Stocks	196,182.87
Industrial and other stocks. Not exceeding market value	
Call Loans outside of Canada	19,352,470.11
Secured by bonds, stocks and other negotiable securities of greater value than the loans and representing monies quickly available with no disturbing effect on conditions in Canada	
Call Loans in Canada	4,606,348.55
Payable on demand and secured by bonds and stocks of greater value than the loans	
Bankers' Acceptances	332,264.27
Prime drafts accepted by other banks	
TOTAL OF QUICKLY AVAILABLE RESOURCES (equal to 75% of all Liabilities to the Public)	\$663,185,436.13
Loans to Provincial and Municipal Governments including School Districts	35,313,063.39
Other Loans	233,500,368.24
To manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others, on conditions consistent with sound banking	
Bank Premises	13,900,000.00
Two properties only are carried in the names of holding companies; the stock and bonds of these companies are entirely owned by the Bank and appear on its books at \$1.00 in each case. All other of the Bank's premises, the value of which largely exceeds \$13,900,000, appear under this heading	
Real Estate, and Mortgages on Real Estate Sold by the Bank	974,202.89
Acquired in the course of the Bank's business and in process of being realized upon	
Customers' Liability under Acceptances and Letters of Credit	11,677,303.17
Represents liabilities of customers on account of Letters of Credit issued and Drafts accepted by the Bank for their accounts	
Other Assets not included in the foregoing	2,724,581.95
Making Total Assets of	\$961,334,955.77
to meet payment of Liabilities to the Public of	\$884,251,299.27
leaving an excess of Assets over Liabilities to the Public of	\$77,083,656.50

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Profits for the year ended 31st October, 1940, after making appropriations to Contingent Reserve Fund, out of which Fund full provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts has been made, and after deducting Dominion and Provincial Government Taxes amounting to \$1,927,824.40	\$3,435,941.59
Dividends paid or payable to Shareholders	\$2,800,000.00
Appropriation for Bank Premises	500,000.00
Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 31st October, 1939	\$5,594.59
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	\$1,265,700.56
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	\$1,321,642.15

HUNTLEY R. DRUMMOND, President
JACKSON DODDS, G. W. SPINNEY, Joint General Managers

The strength of a bank is determined by its history, its policy, its management and the extent of its resources. For 123 years the Bank of Montreal has been in the forefront of Canadian finance.

Gift Suggestions

FOR GENTLEMEN

FORSYTH SHIRTS	\$1.65 and \$2.00
MEN'S PYJAMAS	\$1.65 to \$2.50
BOXED NECK TIES, each	50c and \$1.00
MEN'S SOX, per pair	25c; 35c; 50c; 75c
MEN'S SCARVES	50c to \$1.75
MEN'S LINED DRESS GLOVES	\$1.25; \$1.95

FOR LADIES

FANCY PILLOW CASES, pr. \$1.00; \$1.25; \$1.35	
LADIES' BOXED HANDKERCHIEFS	35c to 95c
Fine assortment, from	
BRIDGE SETS,	\$1.25; \$1.50
GRASS LINEN TEA CLOTHS, 4 napkins,	95c
BED SETS, 72x99 sheet and two pillow cases, 42x33, hemstitched, colored borders	\$3.95
WIDE RANGE OF CELAUEDE LINGERIE—Pyjamas, Night Gowns, Slips, Pantees, Bloomers, etc.	
ORIENT STOCKINGS—Crepes and Crifrons in Service and Semi-Service Weights	
TOWEL SETS, Nice assortment,	79c to \$1.49
CANNON TOWELS, cellophane wrapped—Each	50c to \$1.00
SATIN BED SPREADS AND PILLOWS—All colors, per set	\$6.95
BED SPREADS, each	\$1.95 to \$3.95

COME IN AND LOOK OVER OUR LARGE
ASSORTMENT OF GIFT SELECTIONS

CARBON TRADING CO.

I. Guttman, Prop. :: Carbon, Alberta

MAKE YOUR HENS
LAY EGGS IN WINTER
BY GIVING THEM A WARM HOUSE

Protect Them From the Cold By Using
BUILDING PAPER at 1.15 per 400 FT. ROLL
and —
No. 1 CEDAR LAP SIDING, in short lengths,
at \$16.00 per M

CROWN LUMBER CO. LTD.

H. T. SOBEY, manager CARBON, ALTA.

WHEAT FED TO HOGS WILL
BRING BETWEEN 7c AND 75c

Details of the manner in which farmers can expect to get a return of between 7c and 75c a bushel for wheat fed to hogs under prices incorporated in the newly negotiated basewhich was agreed to by the British government and Saskatchewan minister of agriculture.

On the basis of a 200-lb. hog which would bring a return of roughly \$15, total feed costs of all items other than feed grain, according to Professor Wood, would amount to about \$4. This would leave \$11 to pay for the cost of 16 bushels of wheat, which would be the average requirement for the production of a 200-lb. pig.

The item of costs of production as set out by Professor Wood are: 16 bushels of wheat, \$1.60; 16 bushels of barley, \$1.60; 16 bushels of corn, \$1.60; 16 bushels of soybeans, \$1.60; 16 bushels of cottonseed meal, \$1.60; 16 bushels of linseed meal, \$1.60; 16 bushels of alfalfa, \$1.60; 16 bushels of clover, \$1.60; 16 bushels of timothy, \$1.60; 16 bushels of lucerne, \$1.60; 16 bushels of vetch, \$1.60; 16 bushels of rye, \$1.60; 16 bushels of oats, \$1.60; 16 bushels of wheat, \$1.60; 16 bushels of barley, \$1.60; 16 bushels of corn, \$1.60; 16 bushels of soybeans, \$1.60; 16 bushels of cottonseed meal, \$1.60; 16 bushels of linseed meal, \$1.60; 16 bushels of alfalfa, \$1.60; 16 bushels of clover, \$1.60; 16 bushels of timothy, \$1.60; 16 bushels of lucerne, \$1.60; 16 bushels of vetch, \$1.60; 16 bushels of rye, \$1.60; 16 bushels of oats, \$1.60; 16 bushels of wheat, \$1.60; 16 bushels of barley, \$1.60; 16 bushels of corn, \$1.60; 16 bushels of soybeans, \$1.60; 16 bushels of cottonseed meal, \$1.60; 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